

Exceptionality: Deaf and Hard of Hearing

Ministry Definition

An impairment characterized by deficits in language and speech development because of a diminished or non-existent auditory response to sound. Audiological assessment data is required to support identification.

Special Education Class for Deaf (D/HH)

(1 elementary class and 8 secondary sections)

Placements

- regular class with specialized support from Itinerant Teacher Deaf/Hard of Hearing (ITD/HH)
- other specialized program with consultation or direct service from ITD/HH
- specialized program with a Specialist Teacher of the Deaf/Hard of Hearing
- up to 10 students per class

Admissions Criteria

- · documented hearing loss
- use of hearing aids/cochlear implant
- · method of communication is through hearing and speech
- meets criteria for other specialized program in addition to deaf/hard of hearing exceptionality
- method of communication is through sign language (American Sign Language)

Criteria for Change in Placement

- · change in hearing loss or performance
- needs are not being met in regular class
- student requires more than 5 hours, per week, support from ITD/HH
- change in method of communication
- identification of additional exceptionality
- evidence of ongoing successful integration
- change in hearing loss or performance, i.e., acquisition of a cochlear implant and requires auditory-verbal/ Oral therapy
- · student requires/ requests placement in Provincial School setting
- identification of additional exceptionality
- no longer benefiting from specialized placement

Available Resources

- FM system and other equipment, as needed including maintenance
- teacher with qualifications in Deaf Education
- educational assistant allocated based on students' needs
- Learning Support Services personnel provide assessment and consultative services to the special education teacher









Program

- ITD/HH support is based on the Auditory-Verbal Method unless requested otherwise, and is available from K to 12. Program includes development of speech, language, auditory skills and support of the Ontario Curriculum;
- Specialized Classes for the D/HH use sign language (ASL) and English to deliver
 the Ontario Curriculum, with modifications as required. There is one class at the
 elementary level for JK to grade 8 students and one at the secondary level for
 students in grade 9 to 12. The program includes the development of receptive and
 expressive language skills. For most students, integration into regular classrooms
 and school activities is considered to be an essential part of this program
- An IEP is developed for each student with specific learning expectations. This plan, which is developed collaboratively with parent(s)/guardian(s), is based on, and modified by, the results of continuous assessment

Evaluation Methods

- Assessment and evaluation are ongoing throughout the year and may include informal checklists, standardized testing, teacher observation, and language checklists. OCDSB report cards and IEPs formally record the student's progress
- The progress of a student who has been identified as an exceptional pupil and has a placement is formally reviewed on an annual basis through the IPRC process

Alternative Placements

The school team will meet with the parent(s)/guardian(s) to discuss alternative placements if necessary. Placements may include provincial schools for the deaf, school for the blind and deaf-blind, and Francophone schools for the deaf, blind, and deaf-blind.









Exceptionality: Language Impairment

Ministry Definition

A learning disorder characterized by impairment in comprehension and/or use of verbal communication or the written or other symbol system of communication, which may be associated with neurological, psychological, physical, or sensory factors, and which may:

- a) involve one or more of the form, content, and function of language in communication
- b) include one or more of the following:
 - language delay
 - dysfluency
 - voice and articulation development, which may or may not be organically or functionally based

Special Education Class for Language Learning Disabilities (LLD)

(11 elementary classes)

Placements

- specialized classes at the following levels:
- primary and junior
- up to 10 students per primary class
- up to 12 students per junior class

Admissions Criteria

- exhibits severe language learning difficulties on a speech/language assessment
- average to above- average intellectual ability as measured on a psychological assessment
- language learning disability or mixed receptive-expressive language disorder as appropriate to age and grade level

Criteria for Change in Placement

- mildly delayed language functioning overall (one or more areas of language may still indicate moderate delays) on a speech/language assessment completed within the last 12 months
- academic performance is within one grade level of the student's integrated class placement
- has academic and/or social needs that could be met more successfully within a different special-class setting
- has the ability to succeed in a regular class with LST/LRT support
- no longer benefiting from specialized placement
- · evidence of ongoing successful integration









Special Education Class for Language Learning Disabilities (LLD) (continued)

Available Resources

- one teacher with special education qualifications (Parts I and II)
- Learning Support Services personnel provide assessment and consultative services to the special education teacher

Program

- The focus of the Language Learning Disability Program is to provide the appropriate learning environment that will facilitate the development of the student's expressive and receptive language and phonology skills to enable academic achievement.
- Students who exit the LLD Specialized Program Class in Grade 6 are supported through the Intermediate LLD (ILLD) model, which offers a range of services (e.g., direct in-class coaching, co-planning of curricular activities, targeted professional development) to teachers to support their students with LLD in grades 7 and 8 within the students' intermediate placement (e.g., regular program, Learning Disability Specialized Program Class or General Learning Program). The ILLD model offers support to the teachers with the goal of increasing the students' independence with strategy application and learning over time.
- Programs are equipped with special education and language development materials.
- An IEP containing specific expectations is designed for each student according to individual learning needs and abilities. This plan, which is shared with parent(s)/guardian(s), is based on, and modified by, the results of continuous assessment and evaluation
- It allows for integration into regular classrooms and/or school activities

Evaluation Methods

- Assessment and evaluation are ongoing throughout the year
- Student progress is formally reported as per the reporting structure of the OCDSB on report cards and IEP and Learning Support Services reports
- The progress of a student who has been identified as an exceptional pupil and has a placement is formally reviewed on an annual basis through the IPRC process

Alternative Placements

- other special education placement options if appropriate
- regular classroom with monitoring from the LST/LRT
- regular classroom with support from the LST/LRT









Exceptionality: Speech Impairment

Ministry Definition

A disorder in language formulation that may be associated with neurological, psychological, physical, or sensory factors that involves perceptual motor aspects of transmitting oral messages and that may be characterized by impairment in articulation, rhythm, and stress.

Placements

regular classroom with monitoring from the LST/LRT

Admissions Criteria

- · mild to moderate articulation problems
- · moderate to severe articulation problems
- cleft palate
- · voice disorder
- · fluency disorder
- phonology disorder

Criteria for Change in Placement

- frequency and intensity are individualized depending upon needs as determined by the school speech-language pathologist (5 years of age to grade 8)
- after grade 8, an assessment, consultation or home/school suggestions upon request
- consultation
- screening
- formal/informal testing
- CHEO School Based Rehabilitation Services discharge their cases when they reach the mild to moderate level. They may refer to the PATP or community agencies as appropriate

Available Resources

- · classroom teacher
- speech-language pathologist
- CHEO School-based Rehabilitation Services
- parent(s)/ guardian(s), and volunteers
- Parent Articulation Training Program (PATP)
- Learning Support Services personnel provide assessment and consultative services to the special education teacher

Service Delivery Model

Speech-language pathologists:

 provide assessment, intervention and consultation to students from Senior Kindergarten through Grade 12, who may present with a wide range of speech and language disorders and exceptionalities









- provide a wide range and level of support to students in designated special education programs, including ASD Program, PSN Program, and the DD Programs
- provide training to support teachers and parent(s)/guardian(s) in their work with children who have speech and language disorders
- provide therapy (CHEO School Based Rehabilitation Services) as per mandate

Exceptionality: Learning Disability (LDSIP and LDP)

Ministry Definition

One of a number of neurodevelopmental disorders that persistently and significantly has an impact on the ability to learn and use academic and other skills that:

- affects the ability to perceive or process verbal or non-verbal information in an
 effective and accurate manner in students who have assessed intellectual
 abilities that are at least in the average range;
- results in
 - a. academic underachievement that is inconsistent with the intellectual abilities of the student (which are at least in the average range) and/or
 - b. academic achievement that can be maintained by the student only with extremely high levels of effort and/or with additional support;
- results in difficulties in the development and use of skills in one or more of the following areas: reading, writing, mathematics and work habits and learning skills;
- may typically be associated with difficulties in one or more cognitive processes, such as phonological processing; memory and attention; processing speed; perceptual-motor processing; visual-spatial processing; executive functions (e.g., self-regulation of behavior and emotions, planning, organizing of thoughts and activities, prioritizing, decision making);
- may be associated with difficulties in social interaction (e.g., difficulty in understanding social norms or the point of view of others); with various other conditions or disorders, diagnosed or undiagnosed; or with other exceptionalities;
- is not the result of a lack of acuity in hearing and/or vision that has not been corrected; intellectual disabilities; socio-economic factors; cultural differences; lack of proficiency in the language of instruction; lack of motivation or effort; gaps in school attendance or inadequate opportunity to benefit from instruction.









Special Education Class for Learning Disabilities (LD)

(14 elementary classes, 71 secondary sections)

Placements

- specialized classes at the following levels: junior, intermediate, and senior
- · up to eight students per class

Admissions Criteria

- evidence of significant learning difficulties with impairment in reading, and/or writing, and/or mathematics which has not responded to targeted interventions
- · evidence of cognitive strength
- average (greater than the 25th percentile) intellectual ability as measured on a psychological assessment
- · requires intensive instructional support
- · has severe to profound difficulty in learning and in processing information

Secondary: requires accommodations and/or modifications in academic areas that rely on reading, and/or writing, and/or written expression and/or mathematics and is able to work towards credit bearing, grade level curriculum expectations when using individualized accommodations

Criteria for Change in Placement

- current assessments indicate student no longer meets learning disabilities program admission criteria
- has academic (as demonstrated by current assessment) and/or social needs that could be met more successfully within a different special class setting, or a provincial school or CTCC placement
- has an ability to succeed in a regular class with LST/ LRT support
- no longer benefiting from specialized placement
- evidence of ongoing successful integration
- graduated from High School and/or achieved OSSD

Available Resources

- one teacher with special education qualifications (Parts I and II)
- LSS personnel provide assessment and consultative services to the special education teacher

Program

- The focus of the program is to develop academic, communication, social, organizational and self-advocacy skills
- Intensive instructional support is provided for language and mathematics in the junior and intermediate programs
- Credit courses are offered through the secondary program
- An IEP containing specific expectations is designed for each student according to learning strengths and needs. This plan is based on, and modified by, the









results of continuous assessment and evaluation. The IEP is developed collaboratively by school staff with parent(s)/guardian(s)

 Integration into regular/larger classrooms and school activities is considered to be an essential part of this program

Evaluation Methods

- Assessment and evaluation are ongoing throughout the year
- Student progress is formally reported as per the reporting structure of the OCDSB on report cards and IEP
- The progress of a formally identified exceptional student is reviewed on an annual basis through the IPRC process

Alternative Placements

- other special education placement options if appropriate
- provincial demonstration schools (English and French) for students with severe learning disabilities
- regular classroom with monitoring from the LST/LRT
- regular classroom with support from the LST/LRT









Exceptionality: Giftedness

Ministry Definition

An unusually advanced degree of general intellectual ability that requires differentiated learning experiences of a depth and breadth beyond those normally provided in the regular school program to satisfy the level of educational potential indicated.

Special Education Class for Gifted Students (Gifted)

(15 elementary classes, 110 secondary sections)

Placements

- specialized classes at the following levels: primary, junior, intermediate and senior
- up to 20 students per class grades 1-3
- up to 25 students per class in grades 4-8
- up to 28 students per class in grades 9-12

Admissions Criteria

very superior intellectual ability as measured on a psychological assessment

Criteria for Change in Placement

- has academic and/or social needs that could be met more successfully within a different classroom setting
- no longer benefiting or requiring a specialized placement
- · evidence of ongoing successful integration

Available Resources

- one teacher with special education qualifications (Part I)
- Learning Support Services personnel provide assessment and consultative services to the special education teacher

Program

- All students work towards the grade expectations outlined in the Ontario curriculum. The aim of the gifted program is to provide enrichment rather than acceleration
- Students have the ability to work through the curriculum at a faster rate, thus allowing more time to study the topics in greater depth
- The development of thinking skills is encouraged
- The program is designed to encourage problem solving, working cooperatively, and self and peer evaluation based on criteria determined by the teacher and students
- Application of learning is emphasized after students have demonstrated mastery of basic skills
- An open-ended curriculum allows students to explore areas of interest and incorporate creative talents into their learning









An IEP containing specific expectations is designed for each student according
to learning needs and abilities. This plan is based on, and modified by, the
results of continuous assessment and evaluation. The IEP is developed
collaboratively by school staff with parent(s)/guardian(s)

Evaluation Methods

- Assessment and evaluation are ongoing throughout the year
- Student progress is formally reported as per the reporting structure of the OCDSB on report cards and IEP
- The progress of a student formally identified as exceptional is reviewed on an annual basis through the IPRC process

Alternative Placements

- other special education placement options if appropriate
- regular classroom with monitoring from the LST/LRT
- regular classroom with support from the LST/LRT









Exceptionality: Mild Intellectual Disability

Ministry Definition

A learning disorder characterized by:

- a. an ability to profit educationally within a regular class with the aid of considerable curriculum modification and supportive service
- an inability to profit educationally within a regular class because of slow intellectual development
- c. a potential for academic learning, independent social adjustment, and economic self-support

Special Education Class for Mild Intellectual Disability/General Learning Program (GLP) (12 elementary classes, 104 secondary sections)

Placements

- · specialized classes at the following levels: junior, intermediate and senior
- up to 16 students per class

Admissions Criteria

- scores significantly below the average range, but above the developmentally disabled range on a standardized individual psychological test of intellectual ability
- significant delays in academic progress
- evidence of delays in social/emotional development
- in the age-equivalent range of grade 4 to secondary

Criteria for Change in Placement

- does not require the same degree of alternative programming
- has academic and/or social needs that could be met more successfully within a different special class setting
- has the ability to succeed in a regular class with LST/LRT support and with appropriate accommodations and modifications
- no longer benefiting from specialized placement
- evidence of ongoing successful integration

Available Resources

- one teacher with special education qualifications (Part I with Part II preferred)
- one educational assistant per class
- Learning Support Services personnel provide assessment and consultative services to the special education teacher

Program

- The focus of the program is to develop academic and life skills
- An IEP containing specific expectations is designed for each student according to the learning needs and abilities. This plan, developed collaboratively with









parent(s)/guardian(s), is based on and modified by results of continuous assessment and evaluation

- The program allows for integration into regular classrooms and/or school activities
- Curriculum is modified to meet the individual needs of students

Evaluation Methods

- Assessment and evaluation are ongoing throughout the year
- Student progress is formally reported as per the reporting structure of the OCDSB on report cards and IEP
- The progress of a formally identified student is reviewed on an annual basis through the IPRC process
- It is expected that students will integrate into the mainstream to the greatest degree possible

Alternative Placements

The school team will meet with the parent(s)/guardian(s) to discuss alternative placements if necessary. Placements may include the following:

- other special education placement options if appropriate
- regular classroom with monitoring from the LST/LRT
- regular classroom with support from the LST/LRT

Special Education Class for Students with Mild Intellectual Disabilities (MID) (Storefront Program) – (1 secondary class)

Placements

- system-based Storefront Program for students with special education needs aged 19–21 years of age with MID
- · up to twelve students

Admissions Criteria

- · students must be 19 years of age
- students must currently be attending a program for students with mild intellectual disability or developmental disability
- students must have supporting documentation which will include: written recommendation of the sending school/program, completed transition skills checklist, and written evaluations regarding previous successful work experience
- students must participate in a structured interview









Special Education Class for Students with Mild Intellectual Disabilities (MID) (Storefront Program) (continued)

Criteria for Change in Placement

- reaches the age of 21
- has social and/or academic needs which can be met more successfully within another placement
- · no longer benefiting from specialized placement
- · evidence of on-going successful integration

Available Resources

- · one teacher with special education qualifications
- educational assistant and job coach are assigned to the class
- Learning Support Services personnel provide assessment and consultative services to the special education teacher

Program

Upon completion of the program, it is hoped that the students will be prepared to take their place in the workforce with a minimum of supervision.

- The students work in the community five mornings per week, 2.5 hours daily, for seven to eight weeks
- Over the course of two years at Storefront, students will participate in 10 workexperience placements
- The life skills component of the program is delivered in the afternoons
- An IEP containing specific expectations is designed for each student according to learning needs and abilities. This plan is based on, and modified by, the results of continuous assessment and evaluation

Evaluation Methods

- Assessment and evaluation are ongoing throughout the year
- OCDSB report cards and IEPs formally record the student's progress
- The progress of a formally identified student is reviewed on an annual basis through the IPRC process

Alternative Placements

- other special education placement options if appropriate
- regular classroom with monitoring from the LST
- regular classroom with support from the LST









Exceptionality: Developmental Disability

Ministry Definition

A severe learning disorder characterized by:

- an inability to profit from a special education program for students with mild intellectual disabilities because of slow intellectual development
- b. an ability to profit from a special education program that is designed to accommodate slow intellectual development
- a limited potential for academic learning, independent social adjustment, and economic self-support

Special Education Class for Students with Developmental Disabilities (Semi-Integrated) (DDP) (10 elementary classes, 96 secondary sections)

Placements

- semi-integrated specialized classes at the following levels: primary, junior intermediate, and senior
- · up to 10 students per class

Admissions Criteria

- moderate to severe delays in intellectual ability as measured on a psychological assessment
- · serious delays in academic progress
- · moderate to severe delays in adaptive functioning
- be able to profit educationally, socially, and emotionally from a semi-integrated class in a regular school, with opportunities for appropriate supported integration
- be able to take care of basic personal needs, with a minimum of additional support

Criteria for Change in Placement

- has social and/or academic needs which can be met more successfully within another placement
- · no longer benefiting from specialized placement
- · evidence of on-going successful integration

Available Resources

- one teacher with special education qualifications (Part I)
- educational assistant
- · half-time job coach is assigned to each class at the secondary level
- Learning Support Services personnel provides assessment and consultative services to the special education teacher

Program

 Programming in a specialized classroom offers opportunities to integrate with age-appropriate peers









- The focus of the program is to develop basic life skills along with a functional academic skills component
- The curriculum is modified, and/or alternative curriculum expectations are provided, to meet the individual needs of students
- An IEP containing specific expectations is designed collaboratively for each student according to learning needs and abilities. The IEP is based on, and modified by, the results of continuous assessment and evaluation
- Student progress is formally reported as per the reporting structure of the OCDSB on progress reports, report cards and/or IEPs
- The IEP includes a transition plan and should include work experience opportunities wherever possible

Special Education Class for students with Developmental Disabilities (Specialized Schools) (25 elementary classes total between the two schools)

Placements

- specialized schools with classes at the following levels: kindergarten, primary, junior, intermediate and senior
- · up to eight students per class

Admissions Criteria

- moderate to severe delays in intellectual ability as measured on a psychological assessment
- serious delays in academic progress
- moderate to severe delays in adaptive functioning

Criteria for Change in Placement

- has social and/or academic needs which can be met more successfully within another placement
- · no longer benefiting from specialized placement
- evidence of ongoing successful integration

Available Resources

- one teacher with special education qualifications (Part I)
- · educational assistants
- Learning Support Services personnel provide assessment and consultative services to the special education teacher

Program

Clifford Bowey Public School and Crystal Bay Centre for Special Education offer specialized school settings for pupils with developmental disabilities.

 Focus of the program is to develop life skills which include communication skills, self-help skills, and an introduction to basic academic skills









- CHEO School Based Rehabilitation Services provide support for therapy-based programming in the areas of occupational therapy and physiotherapy. LHIN School Health Professional Services provide nursing support.
- An IEP containing specific expectations is designed collaboratively for each student according to learning needs and abilities. The IEP is based on, and modified by, the results of continuous assessment and evaluation
- Student progress is formally reported as per the reporting structure of the OCDSB on report cards and/or IEP
- It includes a transition plan and should include work experience opportunities, as appropriate

Category: Physical

Exceptionality: Physical Disability

Ministry Definition

A condition of such severe physical limitation or deficiency as to require special assistance in learning situations to provide the opportunity for educational achievement equivalent to that of pupils without exceptionalities who are of the same age or developmental level.

Special Education Class for Physical Disabilities/Physical Support Program (PSP)

(2 elementary classes, 24 secondary sections)

Placements

- specialized classes at the following levels: primary, junior, intermediate, and senior
- up to 12 students per class

Admissions Criteria

 medical diagnosis of a physical disability with significant programming adaptation requirements

Criteria for Change in Placement

- the student's physical condition no longer requires therapeutic interventions offered in the program
- the student's needs will be better met in an alternate placement
- no longer benefiting from specialized placement
- evidence of ongoing successful integration









Special Education Class for Physical Disabilities/Physical Support Program (continued)

Available Resources

- one teacher with special education qualifications (Parts I and II)
- Educational assistants allocated based on students' needs
- Learning Support Services personnel provide assessment and consultative services to the special education teacher

Program

- At the elementary and secondary level, the physical support programs address the academic and physical needs of students at the appropriate level
- An IEP containing specific expectations is designed for each student reflecting learning needs and abilities
- CHEO School Based Rehabilitation Services provides support for therapy-based programming in the areas of occupational therapy, physiotherapy, nursing and speech disorders (if eligible)
- There is ongoing liaison with CHEO Development and Rehabilitation (Children's Treatment Centre services) for those students who enter from this service.

Evaluation Methods

- Assessment and evaluation are ongoing throughout the year. OCDSB Report Cards, Alternative Report Cards (if applicable) and IEPs formally record the student's progress
- The progress of a formally identified student is reviewed on an annual basis through the IPRC process

Alternative Placements

- Other special education placement options if appropriate
- CHEO School (Early Intervention Program JK/SK levels option if appropriate)
- Regular classroom with support from the LST/LRT
- Regular classroom with monitoring from the LST/LRT









Exceptionality: Blind and Low Vision

Ministry Definition

A condition of partial or total impairment of sight or vision that, even with correction, affects educational performance adversely.

Placements

regular classroom with specialized support

Admissions Criteria

 20/70 or worse in best eye with best correction as determined by an ophthalmological/optometry report

Range of Support

- blind students generally receive up to 50 per cent itinerant support depending on needs (e.g., braille, tactile and adaptive program)
- blind students usually require more intensive support
- low vision support is individualized (from itinerant 1–2 times a week to monitoring visits 2–4 times a year)

Available Resources

- teacher with specialized qualification in Blind/Low Vision. May also have certification to teach orientation and mobility
- orientation and mobility instructor
- · classroom teacher
- Educational assistants allocated based on student's needs
- Learning Support Services personnel provide assessment and consultative services to the special education teacher
- specialized equipment as needed

Program/Service Delivery Model

ITB/LVs provide:

- A school-based functional vision assessment to determine frequency of service and educational strategies
- Direct instruction in Braille and other tactile learning strategies
- Adaptation of curriculum materials (Braille, e-text, auditory, large print)
- Orientation and mobility instruction (safe travel techniques)
- Training in specialized equipment including computer hardware and software, optical aids, and other specialized equipment used in the classroom
- Provide consultation and support to schools concerning needs related to vision









Evaluation Methods

- Student's visual efficiency, tactile learning, orientation and mobility, and alternate skills are assessed regularly by the itinerant teacher, including functional vision assessments, observation and checklists
- Assessment and evaluation are ongoing throughout the year
- Student progress is formally reported as per the reporting structure of the OCDSB report cards and IEP, as well as anecdotal reports where appropriate
- The progress of a formally identified student is reviewed on an annual basis through the IPRC process

Alternative Placements

The school team will meet with the parent(s)/guardian(s) to discuss alternative placements if necessary. Placements may include the following:

- Other special education placement options if appropriate
- Provincial school for the blind and deaf-blind, and the Francophone school for the deaf, blind, deaf-blind and for those with learning disabilities
- Regular classroom with monitoring from the LST/LRT
- Regular classroom with support from the LST/LRT

Category: Multiple

Exceptionality: Multiple

Ministry Definition

A combination of learning or other disorders, impairments, or physical disabilities, that is of such nature as to require, for educational achievement, the services of one or more teachers holding qualifications in special education and the provision of support services appropriate for such disorders, impairments, or disabilities.

Range of Placements

Depending on the student's strengths and needs, placements can range from a regular class to a special education class. While there are no special education classes devoted to students with multiple exceptionalities, these students' program needs can be met in a variety of placements.

Exceptionality: Mild Intellectual Disability and Behaviour

Ministry Definition of Mild Intellectual Disability

A learning disorder characterized by:

a. an ability to profit educationally within a regular class with the aid of considerable curriculum modification and supportive service









- an inability to profit educationally within a regular class because of slow intellectual development
- c. a potential for academic learning, independent social adjustment, and economic self-support

Ministry Definition of Behaviour

A learning disorder characterized by specific behaviour problems over such a period of time, and to such a marked degree, and of such a nature, as to adversely affect educational performance; and that may be accompanied by one or more of the following:

- a. an inability to build or to maintain interpersonal relationships
- b. excessive fears or anxieties
- c. a tendency to compulsive reaction
- d. an inability to learn that cannot be traced to intellectual, sensory, or other health factors, or any combination thereof

Special Education Class for students requiring a Dual Support Program (DSP) (3 elementary classes; 32 secondary sections)

Placements

- specialized classes at the following levels: junior, intermediate, senior
- · up to ten students per class

Admissions Criteria

- significantly below-average intellectual potential as measured on a psychological assessment
- serious delays in the acquisition of fundamental academic skills exacerbated by behaviour problems
- impaired adaptive functioning (e.g., coping with life demands, personal independence)
- history requiring frequent discipline due to disruption, non-compliance, physical/verbal aggression, impulsivity, etc.
- history of socially unacceptable behavior

Criteria for Change in Placement

- does not require the same degree of alternative programming
- has academic and/or social needs that could be met more successfully within a different special class setting
- · has the ability to succeed in a regular class with LST/LRT support/ monitoring
- no longer benefiting from specialized placement
- · evidence of ongoing successful integration









Special Education Class for students requiring a Dual Support Program (DSP) (continued)

Available Resources

- one teacher with special education qualifications (Parts I and II)
- educational assistants
- Learning Support Services personnel provide assessment and consultative services to the special education teacher

Program

- The focus of the program is to provide a structured learning environment with the opportunity to develop appropriate life and social skills
- The program allows for integration into regular classrooms and/or school activities
- An IEP containing specific expectations with a focus on behaviour is designed for each student, according to learning needs and abilities. This plan is based on, and modified by, the results of continuous assessment and evaluation including consultation with parent(s)/guardian(s) on an ongoing basis

Evaluation Methods

- Student assessment and evaluation are ongoing throughout the year
- Student progress is formally reported as per the reporting structure of the OCDSB on report cards and IEP
- The progress of a formally identified student is reviewed on an annual basis through the IPRC process

Alternative Placements

- other special education placement options if appropriate
- · regular classroom with monitoring from the LST/LRT
- regular classroom with support from the LST/LRT









Program: Primary Special Needs (PSN)

Special Education Class for students with Primary Special Needs (PSN)

(10 elementary classes)

Placements

- specialized classes at primary level
- · up to 10 students per class

Admissions Criteria

- need for one or more years in an intensive support program
- scores significantly below the average range, but above the developmentally disabled range on a standardized individual psychological test of intellectual ability
- in the age-equiv. range of grade 1 to 3
- significant developmental delays in two or more of the following areas: intellectual, academic and social/emotional development, language, physical (fine and gross motor)

Criteria for Change in Placement

- has turned or will turn 9 years old during the calendar year
- does not require the same degree of specialized programming
- has the ability to succeed in a regular class with LST/LRT support and appropriate modifications and accommodations
- on-going assessment determines that a different placement could better meet the student's needs
- no longer benefiting from specialized placement
- · evidence of ongoing successful integration

Available Resources

- one teacher with special education qualifications (Part I, Part II preferred)
- educational assistant
- Learning Support Services personnel provide assessment and consultative services to the special education teacher

Program

- The primary special needs program provides opportunities for each student to progress in all relevant areas of development
- The focus of the program is to develop academic, communication and social/emotional skills
- An IEP containing specific expectations is designed for each student according to learning needs and abilities. This plan is based on, and modified by, the results of continuous formal and informal assessment
- For most students, integration into regular classrooms and school activities is considered to be an essential part of this program









Evaluation Methods

- Assessment and evaluation are ongoing throughout the year
- Student progress is formally reported as per the reporting structure of the OCDSB on report cards and IEP
- The progress of a formally identified student is reviewed on an annual basis through the IPRC process

Alternative Placements

- · other special education placement options if appropriate
- regular classroom with monitoring from the LST/LRT
- regular classroom with support from the LST/LRT











Individual Education Plans (IEP)

Purpose of the Standard

To inform the Ministry and the public about the ways in which the Board is complying with Ministry requirements for implementing IEP.

An IEP is a written plan describing the special education program and/or services required by a particular student on an ongoing basis. The IEP outlines the student's areas of strengths and needs as well as the program a student requires for instruction and assessment. The IEP is a working document that contains a transition plan and any record of required accommodations, modifications, or alternative programs needed to help a student achieve their learning expectations identified in the IEP.

The IEP reflects the school board's and the principal's commitment to provide, within the resources available to the school board, the special education program and services needed to meet the identified strengths and needs of the student. The IEP helps teachers monitor the student's progress and provides a framework for communicating the information about the student's progress to parent(s)/guardian(s) and student.

Implementation of the Ministry of Education Standards

As per *Regulation 181/98*, all students in the OCDSB who are identified as exceptional by an Identification, Placement and Review Committee (IPRC) have an IEP. The proper implementation and monitoring of the IEP depend on appropriate sharing of information among those involved in executing goals and expectations set out in the IEP. The monitoring and review of the IEP is overseen by the principal and the implementation of the IEP is the responsibility of the classroom teachers, parents, and students who are 16 years of age or older. An IEP may be developed for a student who has not been formally identified as exceptional but who requires a special education program and/or services. In these cases, an IEP is required when the student regularly requires accommodations for instructional or assessment purposes or requires the use of SEA equipment but is not identified.

IEP Development for Identified Students

Students identified as exceptional through an IPRC must have an IEP developed within 30 instructional days after the beginning of the new placement or a new school year. In many cases students will already have an IEP in place.

Purpose of an IEP

The IEP will:

 be developed for each student who is identified as exceptional through the Identification Placement and Review Committee (IPRC) process;









- may be developed for any student who is receiving special education programs and services but who may not have been formally identified as exceptional;
- be developed within 30 instructional days of the student's first day in the program;
- be developed, implemented, and monitored in a collaborative manner with (parent(s)/guardian(s), student, the school team, teachers, and Learning Support Services personnel;
- outline expectations, strategies, and resources to facilitate learning based on the individual student's needs, strengths, interests, and history;
- include a transition plan for: all students who have an IEP as per Policy/Program Memorandum 156, students 14 years of age or older as per Regulation 181/98; and students with autism as per Policy/Program Memorandum 140;
- be reviewed and/or revised once each reporting period.

Overview of the IEP Process

A team approach should underlie the IEP process and the process should focus on how the student is expected to progress through the Ontario curriculum, with accommodations, modified expectations, and / or alternative programs (not described in the Ontario curriculum).

The IEP Process can be broken down into five phases:

- 1. Gathering information
- 2. Setting the direction
- Developing the IEP as it relates to the student's special education program and services
- Implementing the IEP
- Reviewing and updating the IEP

Within each phase, several steps are taken to inform the development of an IEP. Here is an overview of some of the possible actions that may be taken within each phase:

Gathering information

- review student's Ontario Student Record (OSR) (including the IPRC's statement of decision and / or previous IEPs);
- consult with parents / guardians, the student (if appropriate), school staff, and other professionals;
- gather information through observation of the student;
- conduct further assessments, if necessary

Setting the direction

- establish a collaborative approach;
- establish roles and responsibilities;
- begin the work on the IEP by identifying the student's strengths and needs, as identified in the IPRC's statement of decision, where applicable

Developing the IEP

incorporate program suggestions from the IPRC (if applicable);





